# MOBRIDGE-POLLOCK SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 62-6 AUDIT REPORT FOR THE YEAR THEN ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

## MOBRIDGE-POLLOCK SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 62-6 TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards	1
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with the Uniform Guidance	2 - 4
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	5 - 6
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	7 - 11
Corrective Action Plan (Unaudited)	12
Independent Auditors' Report	13
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-Wide Financial Statements Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities	14 15
Fund Financial Statements	
Governmental Funds Balance Sheet	16
Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and	17
Changes in Fund Balance Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures	18 - 21
and Changes in Fund Balances to the Government-Wide Statement of Activities	22
Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenses and	23
Changes in Fund Net Position Statement of Cash Flows	24 25 - 26
Fiduciary Funds Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	27 28
Notes to the Financial Statements	29 - 50

## MOBRIDGE-POLLOCK SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 62-6 TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
Required Supplementary Information - Budgetary Comparison Schedules	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund - Budgetary Basis	51 - 53
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Capital Outlay Fund - Budgetary Basis	54
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Special Education Fund -	
Budgetary Basis	55 - 56
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information -	
Budgetary Comparison Schedules	57 58
Required Supplementary Information - Pension Schedules	
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the	
Pension Asset	59
Schedule of the District's Contributions	60
Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Pension Schedule	61
Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	62 - 63



## CAHILL BAUER & ASSOCIATES, LLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS AND CONSULTANTS

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

#### Independent Auditor's Report

School Board Mobridge-Pollock School District 62-6 Mobridge, South Dakota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Mobridge-Pollock School District No. 62-6, Mobridge, South Dakota (School District), as of June 30, 2024, and for the year then ended which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon February 4, 2025.

#### Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Current Audit Findings, items 2024-001, 2024-002, 2024-003, 2024-004, and 2024-005 that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Jason W. Bauer, CPA, CGMA, PFS • bauer@cahillbauer.com

#### Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

#### School District's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the School District's response to the findings identified in our audit. The School District's response to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Current Audit Findings. The School District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. As required by South Dakota Codified Law 4-11-11, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Calviel Som

Mobridge, South Dakota February 4, 2025



### CAHILL BAUER & ASSOCIATES, LLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS AND CONSULTANTS
REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL
PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER
COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

#### Independent Auditor's Report

School Board Mobridge-Pollock School District 62-6 Mobridge, South Dakota

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Mobridge-Pollock School District No. 62-6, South Dakota (School District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. The School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Current Audit Findings and Questioned Costs.

In our opinion, the Mobridge-Polllock School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (Government Auditing Standards); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to School District's federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- 1. exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- 2. identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- 3. obtain an understanding of School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over compliance.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as discussed below, we did identify certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying Schedule of Current Audit Findings and Ouestioned Costs as item 2024-005.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the School District's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our compliance audit described in the accompanying Schedule of Current Audit Findings and Questioned Costs. The School District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly this report is not suitable for any other purposes. As required by South Dakota Codified Law 4-11-11, this report and our report on compliance for each major federal program are matters of public record and their distribution is not limited.

Mobridge, South Dakota

Caliel Bar

February 4, 2025

#### MOBRIDGE-POLLOCK SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 62-6 SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS AS OF JUNE 30, 2024 AND FOR THE YEAR THEN ENDED

#### PRIOR FEDERAL AUDIT FINDINGS

There were no prior federal audit findings to report.

#### PRIOR OTHER AUDIT FINDINGS

#### Finding Number 2023-001:

A material weakness was reported for a lack of segregation of duties for cash, revenues, receivables, inventories, payables, custodial funds, capital assets, budget, indebtedness, and equity.

#### **Current Status**

Ongoing: Condition still exists, see current audit finding number 2024-001. The reason for recurrence is due to cost considerations, the School District has determined it is not practical to employ additional staff to adequately segregate duties. The School District will implement compensating controls where practical.

#### Finding Number 2023-002:

The School District does not have an internal control system designed to provide for the preparation of the annual financial statements being audited, including required footnotes and disclosures in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

#### **Current Status**

Ongoing: Condition still exists, see current audit finding number 2024-005. The reason for recurrence is due to cost considerations, the School District accepts the risks associated with the auditors preparing the financial statements. The School District will implement compensating controls where practical.

#### Finding Number 2023-003:

During the course of our engagement, we proposed material audit adjustments that would not have been identified as a result of the School District's existing internal controls, and therefore could have resulted in a material misstatement of the School District's financial statements.

#### **Current Status**

Ongoing: Condition still exists, see current audit finding number 2024-002. The reason for recurrence is due to cost considerations, the School District has determined it is not practical to employ additional staff to implement an internal control structure adequate to identify all material adjustments. The School District will implement compensating controls where practical.

#### Finding Number 2023-004:

The School District did not have an internal control system designed to ensure that general fund activities were properly segregated from custodial fund activities in accordance with SDCL 13-16-19.

#### **Current Status**

This finding has been corrected.

#### SECTION 1 - SUMMARY OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S RESULTS

#### **Financial Statements**

- a. An unmodified opinion was issued on the financial statements of each opinion unit.
- b. A material weakness was disclosed by our audit of the financial statements for a lack of segregation of duties as discussed in finding number 2024-001. A material weakness was disclosed by our audit of the financial statements for proposing material adjustments as discussed in finding number 2024-002. A material weakness was disclosed for overspending the appropriated budget in Capital Outlay and Special Education fund as discussed in finding 2024-003. A material weakness was disclosed for internal controls being inadequate to ensure that the data collection form was timely filed with the Federal Clearinghouse as discussed in finding 2024-004. A material weakness was disclosed by our audit of the financial statements for the preparation of the financial statements by the auditor as discussed in finding number 2024-005.
- c. Our audit did not report any significant deficiencies not considered to be material weaknesses.
- d. Our audit discosed compliance findings that are material to the financial statements. See finding number 2024-003.

#### **Federal Awards**

- e. An unmodified opinion was issued on compliance with the requirements applicable to major programs.
- f. Our audit disclosed audit findings that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a). See finding number 2024-005.
- g. The federal awards tested as major programs were:
  - a. Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund 84.425D
  - b. American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief 84.425U
- h. The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B federal award programs was \$750,000.
- i. Mobridge-Pollock School District No 62-6 did not qualify as a low-risk auditee.

#### SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

#### INTERNAL CONTROL-RELATED FINDINGS - MATERIAL WEAKNESSES

#### **FINDING 2024-001**

#### Criteria

To obtain adequate internal control over cash management, the duties of collecting and handling of cash must be segregated from the recording of the cash transaction. The duties of preparing, mailing or otherwise distributing checks should be segregated from the recording process.

#### **Condition Found**

A lack of proper segregation of duties existed for the revenue and expenditure functions resulting in decreased reliability of reported financial data and increased potential for the loss of public assets. As a result, an inadequate segregation of duties existed for these functions of the School District.

#### Cause and Effect

Inaccurate financial statement and/or misappropriations of funds could result from a lack of segregation of duties.

#### Identification of Repeat Finding

This finding has been a repeat finding for several years.

#### Recommendation

We recommend that the School District's officials be cognizant of this lack of segregation of duties for revenues and attempt to provide compensating internal controls whenever, and wherever possible and practical.

#### Views of responsible officials and corrective actions

See the School District's corrective action plan.

#### **FINDING 2024-002**

#### Criteria

While conducting our audit, we proposed material audit adjustments that would not have been identified as a result of the School District's existing internal controls, and therefore could have resulted in a material misstatement of the School District's financial statements.

#### **Condition Found**

An organization's internal control structure should provide for the recording of all necessary material adjustments in order to ensure that accounting records are in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

#### Cause and Effect

This condition may affect the School District's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial statement data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements.

#### Identification of Repeat Finding

This finding has been a repeat finding for several years.

#### Recommendation

It is the responsibility of management and those charged with governance to make the decision whether to accept the degree of risk associated with this condition because of cost and other considerations.

#### Views of responsible officials and corrective actions

See the School District's corrective action plan.

#### **FINDING 2024-003**

#### Criteria

A School District's internal control system should be designed to ensure expenditures do not exceed budgeted appropriations in total in accordance with SDCL 13-11-2.

#### Condition Found

The School District exceeded the budgeted appropriations total in the Special Education Fund in accordance with SDCL 13-11-2.

#### Cause and Effect

This condition may lead to the School District spending funds that have not been approved by the board of education.

#### Recommendation

The School District should put internal controls in place to monitor the budget more closely and supplement their budget as necessary.

#### Views of responsible officials and corrective actions

See the School District's corrective action plan.

#### **FINDING 2024-004**

#### Criteria

An organization's internal control structure should ensure the data collection form is timely filed with the Federal Clearinghouse as required by federal regulations.

#### **Condition Found**

If an entity fails to submit a data collection form to the Federal Clearinghouse, it could face consequences such as losing access to future federal funding and having to repay grant monies due to non-compliance with single audit requirements.

#### Cause and Effect

Not ensuring timely filing violates federal regulations.

#### Recommendation

The School District should implement internal controls to ensure its data collection form is timely filed each year.

#### Views of responsible officials and corrective actions

See the School District's corrective action plan.

#### SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

#### **FINDING 2024-005**

#### Criteria

An organization's internal control structure should provide for the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) including the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

#### Condition Found

The School District does not have an internal control system designed to provide for the preparation of the annual financial statements including required footnotes and disclosures and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. As auditors, we were requested to draft the financial statements and accompanying notes to the financial statements and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

#### Cause and Effect

This condition may affect the School District's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements.

#### Identification of Repeat Finding

This finding has been a repeat finding for several years for the financial statement audit; however, this is the initial year as a federal finding due to not being able to prepare the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

#### Recommendation

This circumstance is not unusual in an organization of this size. It is the responsibility of management and those charged with governance to make the decision whether to accept the degree of risk associated with this condition because of cost or other considerations.

#### Views of responsible officials and corrective actions

See the School District's corrective action plan.

#### Mobridge-Pollock School District No. 62-6

1107 1 Ave East - Mobridge, SD 57601 Phone # 605-845-9200 Pax # 605-845-3455

Finding Number 2024-001: Material weakness in internal controls due to a lack of segregation of duties.

#### Views of Responsible officials and Planned Correct Action Plan;

The Mobridge-Pollock School District Business Manager, Kim Schneider, is the contact person at this entity responsible for the corrective action plan for this finding. This finding is due to the limited number of staff employed in the district's business office. Staffing the office at an efficient and financially feasible level precludes the hiring of enough personnel to provide an ideal environment for internal controls. This is an ongoing process, requiring continual analysis of processes and procedures in order to minimize the risk to the district.

Finding Number 2024-002: Material weakness due to a lack of internal control structure to provide recording of all necessary material adjustments in order to ensure that accounting records are in accordance with GAAP.

#### Views of Responsible officials and Planned Correct Action Plan:

The Mobridge-Pollock School District Business Manager, Kim Schneider, is the contact person at this entity responsible for the corrective action plan for this finding. The district is aware of our overall responsibility for the preparation of all material adjustments of the School's financial statements to ensure their accuracy. This is an ongoing process, requiring continual analysis of processes and procedures in order to minimize the risk to the district.

Finding Number 2024-003: The School District exceeded the budgeted appropriations total in the Special Education as in accordance with SDCL 13-11-2.

#### Views of Responsible officials and Planned Correct Action Plan:

The Mobridge-Pollock School District Business Manager, Kim Schneider, is the contact person at this entity responsible for the corrective action plan for this finding. The School District will ensure general fund receipts and disbursements are properly segregated from custodial accounts.

Finding Number 2024-004: The School District's internal control system did not ensure that the School District timely filed its data collection form with the Federal Clearinghouse in a timely manner.

#### Views of Responsible officials and Planned Correct Action Plan:

The Mobridge-Pollock School District Business Manager, Kim Schneider, is the contact person at this entity responsible for the corrective action plan for this finding. The School District will ensure general fund receipts and disbursements are properly segregated from custodial accounts.

Finding Number 2024-005: Material weakness due to a lack of internal control structure to enable for the preparation of the financial statements and related notes.

#### Views of Responsible officials and Planned Correct Action Plan:

The Mobridge-Pollock School District Business Manager, Kim Schneider, is the contact person at this entity responsible for the corrective action plan for this finding. The district is aware of our overall responsibility for the preparation of the School's financial statements and footnotes including the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and plans to attempt to set aside time to complete these statements and required footnotes including the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. This is an ongoing process, requiring continual analysis of processes and procedures in order to minimize the risk to the district.

Business Manager

Superintendent



## CAHILL BAUER & ASSOCIATES, LLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS AND CONSULTANTS

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

School Board Mobridge-Pollock School District 62-6 Mobridge, South Dakota

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Mobridge-Pollock School District 62-6, as of June 30, 2024 and for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Mobridge-Pollock School District 62-6 as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards (Government Auditing Standards), issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Jason W. Bauer, CPA, CGMA, PFS • bauer@cahillbauer.com

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- 1. exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- 2. identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- 3. obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- 4. evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- 5. conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Budgetary Comparison Schedules, the Schedule of the School District Contributions, and the Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The School District has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, which as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated February 4, 2025 on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mobridge, South Dakota

Calvey Banes

February 4, 2025

## MOBRIDGE-POLLOCK SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 62-6 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024

		Primary G	over	nment		
	G	overnmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,783,919	\$	199,763	\$	4,983,682
Investments		824,355		-		824,355
Taxes receivable		1,335,818		-		1,335,818
Other assets		397,677		42,491		440,168
Inventories		-		23,188		23,188
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		517,467		-		517,467
Net pension asset		15,525		369		15,894
Capital assets						
Land		117,377		-		117,377
Other capital assets, net						
of depreciation		17,537,090		33,200		17,570,290
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	25,529,228	_\$_	299,011	_\$_	25,828,239
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension related deferred outflows		1,325,102	_	31,525		1,356,627
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF				<b>.</b>		
RESOURCES		1,325,102	<u>\$</u>	31,525		1,356,627

		Primary G			
	G	overnmental Activities	iness-Type activities	-	Total
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$	80,300	\$ 4,399	\$	84,699
Other current liabilities		523,666	3,710		527,376
Unearned revenue		-	20,767		20,767
Noncurrent liabilities:		44.400			44 400
Due within one year		41,420	-		41,420
Due in more than one year		951,674	 		951,674
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$_	1,597,060	\$ 28,876	\$	1,625,936
Pension related deferred inflows		777,258	18,491		795,749
Other deferred inflows		24,053	-		24,053
Taxes levied for future period		1,244,854	 <u> </u>	_	1,244,854
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	_\$_	2,046,165	\$ 18,491	\$	2,064,656
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for		16,788,467	33,200		16,821,667
Capital outlay purposes		1,735,031	-		1,735,031
Special education purposes		407,100	-		407,100
Debt service purposes		517,467	-		517,467
SDRS pension purposes		563,369	13,403		576,772
Unrestricted		3,199,671	 236,566		3,436,237
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	23,211,105	\$ 283,169	\$	23,494,274

MOBRIDGE-POLLOCK SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 62-6 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

		Program Revenues	evenues		Net C	Net (Expenses) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	
						Primary Government	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Primary government							
Governmental activities		,					
Instruction	\$ 4,166,796	69	\$ 867,956		\$ (3,298,840)	<del>\$</del>	(3,298,840)
Support services	2,767,434	1	201,944	587,351	(1,978,139)	•	(1,978,139)
Nonprogrammed charges	•	7,904	•		7,904		7,904
<ul> <li>Interest on long-term debt</li> </ul>	43,300	•	1	1	(43,300)	1	(43,300)
Cocurricular activities	603,576	81,326	£	86,906	(435,344)	,	(435,344)
Total governmental activities	7,581,106	89,230	1,069,900	674,257	(5,747,719)	•	(5,747,719)
Business-type activities Food service	521.857	219.755	280.935	10	,	(21.167)	(21.167)
						(10161)	(10.51)
Total primary government	\$ 8,102,963	\$ 308,985	\$ 1,350,835	\$ 674,257	(5,747,719)	(21,167)	(5,768,886)
	General Revenues						
<ul> <li>The District does not have interest</li> </ul>	Taxes						
expense related to the functions presented	Property taxes				3,122,247	•	3,122,247
above. This amount includes indirect	Gross receipts to	xes			107,432		107,432
interest expense on general long-term debt.	Kevenue from state sources	sources					
	State aid				7,877,866	ı	2,8//,866
	Revenue from federal sources	ral sources			235,591	•	235,591
	Unrestricted investment earnings	nent earnings			82,118	•	82,118
	Other general revenues	ınes			255,402		255,402
	Total general revenues	revenues			959'089'9	•	6,680,656
	Change in net position	ion			932,937	(21,167)	911,770
	Net position - beginning	ning			22,278,168	304,336	22,582,504
	Net position - ending	96		).	\$ 23,211,105	\$ 283,169 \$	23,494,274
				L			

# MOBRIDGE-POLLOCK SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 62-6 BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

			Major	Major Funds			Nonmajo	Nonmajor Funds		
		General	Capit	Capital Outlay	Ed	Special Education Eurad	Bond Red	Bond Redemption	පි	Total Governmental
STH 300 A		Pin r	1			niin .	3			spin r
Cash and cash equivalents	↔	2,707,247	€9	1,722,654	↔	354,018	<del>69</del>	,	↔	4,783,919
Investments		824,355						•		824,355
Taxes receivables - current		611,055		404,658		250,891				1,266,604
Taxes receivables - delinquent		34,344		21,385		13,485		ī		69,214
Due from state government		101,279		1				ı		101,279
Due from federal governments Restricted cash and cash equivalents		204,313				91,003		517,467		296,398 517,467
TOTAL ASSETS	€	4,482,795	\$	2,148,697	69	710,277	€	517,467	€4	7,859,236
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	S	63,730	€9	15,630	69	940	€9	ı	€9	80,300
Contracts payable		395,508		•		48,810				444,318
Due to other funds		2,302				•		•		2,302
Amount held for others		17,863		ı		1		ı		17,863
Payroll deductions and withholdings and employer matching payable		52,542		,		6,641				59,183
Total Liabilities		531,945		15,630		56,391				603,966
Deferred Inflows of Resources				6		6				,
Unavailable revenue - property tax		32,369		20,438		12,886				65,693
taxes tevied for future period Other deferred inflows of resources		24.053		050,050		240,700				24,634
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		656,454		418,474		259,672				1,334,600
Fund balances Restricted										
Capital outlay purposes		t		1,714,593		204 214		•		1,714,593
Special education purposes  Debt service mirroses		1 1				594,214		517.467		517,467
Assigned										
Unemployment		1,427		•						1,427
Unassigned		3,292,969								3,292,969
Total fund balance		3,294,396		1,714,593		394,214		517,467		5,920,670
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND RAI ANCES	6	305 C01 1		600	€		۱.6	100	: <del>-</del> €	
	A	4,482,795	, A	2,148,697	A	//7,01/	A	517,467	A	7,859,236

#### MOBRIDGE-POLLOCK SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 62-6 RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 5,920,670
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. The capitalized cost of the capital assets is \$22,959,910 and the accumulated	
depreciation/amortization is (\$5,305,443) for a net amount of \$17,654,467.	17,654,467
Net pension asset reported in governmental activities is not an available financial resource and therefor is not reported in the funds.	15,525
Pension deferred outflows are components of pension liability (asset) and therefore are not reported in the funds.	1,325,102
Pension deferred inflows are components of pension liability (asset) and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(777,258)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
Early retirement benefits \$52,501	
Lease liability \$74,593	
Qualified Zone Academy Bonds payable \$866,000	(993,094)
Property taxes become due and payable on January 1, each year, but are not collected/available soon enough to pay current period expenditures; therefore, they are reported as deferred inflow of resources in the fund financial statements. However, because the <i>delinquent taxes</i> are due and payable by the taxpayer at June 30, the delinquent taxes are reported as revenue on the	
government-wide financial statements.	 65,693
Net position- governmental funds	\$ 23,211,105

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE MOBRIDGE-POLLOCK SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 62-6 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

			Commandation			3
		General Fund	Capital Outlay Fund	Special Education Fund	Bond Redemption Fund	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES						
Revenue from local sources						
Taxes						
Ad valorem taxes	€9	1,459,856	\$ 986,131	\$ 613,932	· ₩	\$ 3,059,919
Prior years' ad valorem taxes		11,332	5,629	3,543	ı	20,504
Tax deed revenue		377	1	1	1	377
Utility taxes		107,432	1	•	1	107,432
Penalties and interest on taxes		4,062	2,411	1,511	•	7,984
Earnings on investments and deposits		75,975	ı	ı	6,143	82,118
Admissions		40.908	•	•	1	40.90
Other pupil activity income		40,417	ı	ı	ı	40,417
Other revenue from local sources						
Contributions and donations		8,822	21,670		•	30,492
Charges for services		7,607	ı		ı	7,90
Other		63,837	1	1,645		65,482
Revenue from intermediate sources						
County sources						
County appointment Revenue from state sources		81,131	ı	1	1	81,131
Grants-in-aid						
Unrestricted grants-in-aid	+	2,877,866	r		1	2,877,866
Restricted grants-in-aid	<del>69</del>	10,848	· ↔	\$ 104,150	1	\$ 114,99

(Continued on next page)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE MOBRIDGE-POLLOCK SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 62-6 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

			Major Funds		Nonmajor Funds	, n l
		General	Capital Outlay	Special Education	Bond Redemption	Total Governmental
D	ļ	rund	Fund	rund	Fund	runds
Grants-in-aid Unrestricted grants-in-aid						
Received directly from the federal government	↔	217,022	· •	\$ 2,912	- \$	\$ 219,934
Unrestricted grants-in-aid Received from federal government through the state		23	ı	ı	r	23
Restricted grants-in-aid Received directly from the federal government		48,918	.1	,	ı	48,918
Restricted grants-in-aid Received from federal government through		733 500	577 377	187 504	4	1 403 335
Johnson O'Malley funds		15,634				15,634
Other federal revenues Total Revenues		5,805,577	1,666,408	915,494	4 6,143	8,393,622
EXPENDITURES Instruction Regular programs						
Elementary		1,243,225	41,333	•	•	1,284,558
Middle/junior nign High school		329,290 897,623	38,755	; 1		936,701
Other regular programs		82,061	•	,	1	82,061
Special programs Programs for special education Educationally deprived	↔	365,891	<del>€9</del>	704,558	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	704,558 \$ 365,891

(Continued on next page)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE MOBRIDGE-POLLOCK SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 62-6 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS** 

			Majo	Major Funds			Nonmajor Funds	spui		
		General Fund	Capit: F	Capital Outlay Fund	Special Education Fund	.l on	Bond Redemption Fund	ц	Total Governmental Funds	al mental ds
Support services	is:									
Pupils Guidance	64	131 801	6		€	ı	¥	€		131 801
Health	<del>)</del>	8.403	<del>)</del>	ı	<del>)</del>		· ·	<del>'</del>		8 403
Psychological		)		1	·γ	52,510				52,510
Speech pathology		1		1	15	152,684	•		_	152,684
Student therapy services		ı		1	\$	56,224				56,224
Support services - instructional staff										
Improvement of instruction		36,279		1		1	•			36,279
Educational media		189,858		56,355		ı	•		(1	246,213
Support services - general administration										
Board of education		54,317		300		ı	•	,		54,617
Executive administration		192,250		ı		1	•			192,250
Support services - school administration										
Office of the principal		440,989		•		,	•		7	440,989
Other		495		•						495
Support services - business										
Fiscal services		156,611		1		ı				156,611
Operation and maintenance of plant		888,263		4,597		1	•		~	892,860
Pupil transportation		78,876				•	•			78,876
Food services		12,673		1,104		ı	•	1		13,777
Support services - central										
Planning		12,347		1		1	,			12,347
Support services - special education										
Administrative costs		ı		ı	<b>∞</b>	87,256	•			87,256
Other		i		•		58	•			58
Nonprogrammed charges	4	1	,					٠		
Early retirement payments	છ	17,323	<del>⇔</del>	1	↔		· ∽	<del>69</del>		17,323

(Continued on next page)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE MOBRIDGE-POLLOCK SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 62-6 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

			Major Funds		Nonm	Nonmajor Funds		
		General Fund	Capital Outlay Fund	Special Education Fund	Red	Bond Redemption Fund	Gov	Total Governmental Funds
Cocurricular activities Male activities	₩ 49	81.797	69	- ·	69		69	81.797
Female activities	٠	57,216	8,508		ł	ı	+	65,724
Transportation		79,802	, 1	1		1		79,802
Combined activities		181,425	3,326	•		ı		184,751
Debt services		1	1	•		43,300		43,300
Capital outlay		ı	847,375	1				847,375
Total expenditures		5,738,905	1,057,124	1,053,290	    8	43,300		7,892,619
Excess of revenue over (under) expenditures		66,672	609,284	(137,796)	(96	(37,157)		501,003
Other financing sources (uses) Transfer in		380,400	ı	ı		86,600		467,000
Transfer out		1	(467,000)	1				(467,000)
Sale of surplused property		52		1				52
Net other financing sources (uses)		380,452	(467,000)			86,600		52
Net change in fund balances		447,124	142,284	(137,796)	(96	49,443		501,055
Fund balance - beginning	3	2,847,272	1,572,309	532,010	10	468,024		5,419,615
Fund Balance - Ending	S	3,294,396	\$ 1,714,593	\$ 394,214	14 \$	517,467	€>	5,920,670
ı								

# MOBRIDGE-POLLOCK SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 62-6 RECONCILIATION OF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 501,055
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
This amount represents capital asset purchases which are reported as expenditures on the fund financial statements but increase assets on the government wide statements.	847,375
This amount represents the current year depreciation/amortization expense reported in the statement of activities which is not reported on the fund financial statements because it does not require the use of current financial	(507,003)
The receipt of donated capital assets is not reported on the fund statements, but is reported as a program revenue on the government wide statements.	86,906
In both the government-wide and fund financial statements, revenues from property tax levies are applied to finance the budget of a particular period. Accounting for revenues from property tax accruals in the funds' statements differs from the accounting in the government-wide statements in that the fund financial statements require the amounts to be "available". This amount reflects the application of both the application period and "availability criteria".	33,463
Governmental funds recognize expenditures for amounts of early retirement benefits actually paid to employees with current financial resources during the fiscal year. In the statement of activities, expenses for these benefits are recognized when the employees elect to retire early.	17,323
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities that do not require the use of current financial resources are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. (e.g., pension expense)	(69,649)
Payment of principal on long-term debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds but the payment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	23,467
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 932,937

#### MOBRIDGE-POLLOCK SCHOOL DISTRICT NO 62-6 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

	Enterprise Funds Food Service Fund
ASSETS	
Current assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 199,763
Accounts receivable	26,339
Due from other government	16,152
Inventory of supplies	5,065
Inventory of stores purchased for resale	12,644
Inventory of donated food	5,479
Total current assets	265,442
Noncurrent assets	
Pension asset	369
Capital assets	
Machinery and equipment	204,823
Less accumulated depreciation	(171,623)
Total noncurrent assets	33,569
TOTAL ASSETS	299,011
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension related deferred outflows of resources	21.525
	31,525
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	31,525
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities	
Accounts payable	4,399
Contracts payable	3,333
Payroll deductions and withholdings and	377
employer matching payable Unearned revenue	20,767
TOTAL LIABILITIES	28,876
TOTAL BIADLITIES	20,070
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension related deferred inflows of resources	18,491
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	18,491
NET POSITION	
Invested in capital assets	33,200
Restricted for SDRS purposes	13,403
Unrestricted net position TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 236,566
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 283,169

#### MOBRIDGE-POLLOCK SCHOOL DISTRICT NO 62-6 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

OPERATING REVENUE	Enterprise Funds Food Service Fund		
Sales			
Students	\$	196,648	
Adult		12,037	
Other charges for goods and services	31	11,070	
Total operating revenue		219,755	
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Food Service		150.016	
Salaries		172,216	
Employee benefits Purchased services		57,646	
		19,348 19,703	
Supplies  Cost of color mumbered food		206,800	
Cost of sales - purchased food Cost of sales - donated food		40,846	
Depreciation		5,298	
Total Operating Expenses	-	521,857	
	-		
Operating Loss		(302,102)	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
State sources			
Cash reimbursements		945	
Federal sources			
Cash reimbursements		241,427	
Donated food		38,563	
Total nonoperating revenues	3-	280,935	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(21,167)	
NET POSITION - BEGINNING	<u> </u>	304,336	
NET POSITION - ENDING	\$	283,169	

#### MOBRIDGE-POLLOCK SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 62-6 STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Enterprise Funds	
	Food Service Fund	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts from customers	\$	208,014
Payments to suppliers		(243,842)
Payments to employees		(218,137)
Net cash used by operating activities		(253,965)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Cash reimbursements - state sources		945
Cash reimbursements - federal sources		239,181
Net cash flows from noncapital financing activities		240,126
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(13,839)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		213,602
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
AT END OF YEAR	\$	199,763

(Continued on next page) 25

#### MOBRIDGE-POLLOCK SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 62-6 STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET		
CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Operating loss	\$	(302,102)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash	·	( )
used by operating activities		
Value of commodities used		40,846
Depreciation expense		5,298
Change in assets and liabilities		•
Accounts receivable		(11,765)
Inventories		3,376
Accounts and other payables		(1,367)
Contracts and benefits payble		599
Unearned revenue		24
Pension deferred outflows/inflows		11,126
Net cash used by operating activities	\$	(253,965)
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND		
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Value of commodities received	\$	38,563

#### MOBRIDGE-POLLOCK SCHOOL DISTRICT NO 62-6 STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Private-Purpose Trust Funds		Custodial Funds	
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	12,184	\$	80,129
Investments		31,850		-
Due from other funds				2,302
T-4-14-	<u>-</u>	44.024		92.421
Total assets	-	44,034		82,431
NET POSITION				
Restricted for student activities		_		82,431
Restricted for scholarships		44,034		
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	44,034	_\$	82,431

#### MOBRIDGE-POLLOCK SCHOOL DISTRICT NO 62-6 STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

		Private-Purpose Trust Funds		Custodial Funds	
ADDITIONS					
Contributions and donations	\$	8,600	\$	-	
Collections for student activities		-		97,074	
Earnings on investments and deposits		287			
TOTAL ADDITIONS	-	8,887	-	97,074	
DEDUCTIONS:					
Payments for student activities		-		78,814	
Trust deductions for scholarships		2,050		-	
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS		2,050		78,814	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		6,837		18,260	
NET POSITION - BEGINNING	3	37,197		64,171	
NET POSITION - ENDING	\$	44,034	\$	82,431	

#### MOBRIDGE-POLLOCK SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 62-6 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 (See Independent Auditors' Report)

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the School District conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental entities in the United States of America.

#### a. Financial Reporting Entity

The reporting entity of Mobridge-Pollock School District No. 62-6, consists of the primary government (which includes all of the funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments, and offices that make up the legal entity, plus those funds for which the primary government has a fiduciary responsibility, even though those fiduciary funds may represent organizations that do not meet the criteria for inclusion in the financial reporting entity); those organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable; and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the financial reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

#### b. Basis of Presentation

#### Government-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting entity as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The Statement of Net Position reports all financial and capital resources, in a net position form (assets minus liabilities equal net position). Net Position are displayed in three components, as applicable, net invested in capital assets, restricted (distinguishing between major categories of restrictions), and unrestricted.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the School District and for each function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses and those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by recipients of goods and services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operations or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Page 2 (See Independent Auditors' Report)

## Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the District or it meets the following criteria:

- 1. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and:
- 2. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined, or;
- 3. Management has elected to classify one or more governmental or enterprise funds as major for consistency in reporting from year to year, or because of public interest in the fund's operations.

The funds of the School District financial reporting entity are described below within their respective fund types:

#### **Governmental Funds**

General Fund - A fund established by South Dakota Codified Laws (SDCL) 13-16-3 to meet all the general operational costs of the School District, excluding capital outlay fund and special education fund expenditures. The General Fund is always a major fund.

Special Revenue Fund Types - Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Capital Outlay Fund - A fund established by SDCL 13-16-6 to meet expenditures which result in the lease of, acquisition of or additions to real property, plant or equipment, textbooks and instructional software. This fund is financed by property taxes. This is a major fund.

Special Education Fund - A fund established by SDCL 13-37-16 to pay the costs for the special education of all children in need of special assistance and prolonged assistance who reside within the district. This fund is financed by grants and property taxes. This is a major fund.

Debt Service Funds - Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

The Bond Redemption Fund - A fund established by SDCL 13-16-13 to account for the payment of interest and principal on all bonded indebtedness. The Bond Redemption Fund is the only debt service fund maintained by the School District. This is not a major fund.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Page 3 (See Independent Auditors' Report)

# **Proprietary Funds**

Enterprise Fund Types - Enterprise funds may be used to report any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. Activities are required to be reported as enterprise funds if any one of the following criteria is met.

- a. The activity is financed with debt that is secured solely by a pledge of the net revenues from fees and charges of the activity. Debt that is secured by a pledge of net revenues from fees and charges and the full faith and credit of a related primary government or component unit-even if that government is not expected to make any payments-is not payable solely from fees and charges of the activity. (Some debt may be secured, in part, by a portion of its own proceeds but should be considered as payable "solely" from the revenues of the activity.)
- b. Laws or regulations require that the activity's costs of providing services, including capital costs (such as depreciation or debt service), be recovered with fees and charges, rather than with taxes or similar revenues.
- c. The pricing policies of the activity establish fees and charges designed to recover its costs, including capital costs (such as depreciation or debt service).

Food Service Fund - A fund used to record financial transactions related to food service operations. This fund is financed by user charges and grants. This is a major fund.

# **Fiduciary Funds**

Fiduciary Funds consist of the following sub-categories and are never considered to be major funds.

Private-Purpose Trust Funds - Private-purpose trust funds are used to account for all other trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The School District maintains the following private-purpose trust fund:

The Scholarship fund is used for the purposes of providing scholarships to students.

Custodial Funds - Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in pension trust funds, investment trust funds, or private-purpose trust funds. The School District maintains custodial funds to hold assets as an agent in a trustee capacity for various classes, clubs, and so on.

c. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "how" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements, regardless of the measurement focus.

(See Independent Auditors' Report)

#### Measurement Focus

#### Government-wide Financial Statements

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, applied on the accrual basis of accounting.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting are applied to government funds, while the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting are applied to the proprietary and similar fiduciary funds.

# **Basis of Accounting**

#### Government-wide Financial Statements

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental and business-type, are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues and related assets generally are recorded when earned (usually when the right to receive cash vests); and expenses and related liabilities are recorded when an obligation is incurred (usually when the obligation to pay cash in the future vests).

## Fund Financial Statements

All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues, including property taxes, generally are recognized when they become measurable and available. "Available" means resources are collected or to be collected soon enough after the end of the fiscal year that they can be used to pay the bills of the current period. The accrual period does not exceed one bill-paying cycle, the length of that cycle is 60 days. The revenues which are accrued at June 30, 2024 are reimbursements for federal program expenditures, state reimbursements, misc reimbursements, and utility taxes.

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, receivables may be measurable but not available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Unavailable revenues, where asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met, are reported as deferred inflow of resources.

Expenditures generally are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include principal and interest on the general long-term debt which are recognized when due.

All proprietary funds and fiduciary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when they are earned, and their expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

(See Independent Auditors' Report)

# d. Interfund Eliminations and Reclassifications

## Government-wide Financial Statements

In the process of aggregating data for the government-wide financial statements, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the fund financial statement have been eliminated or reclassified, as follows:

1. In order to minimize the grossing-up effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental and business-type activities columns of the primary government, amounts reported as interfund receivables and payables have been eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns.

## e. Deposits and Investments

For the purpose of financial reporting, "cash and cash equivalents" includes all demand and savings accounts and certificates of deposit or short-term investments with a term to maturity at date of acquisition of three months or less. Investments in open-end mutual fund shares, or similar investments in external investment pools, are also considered to be cash equivalents.

Investments classified in the financial statements consist of South Dakota FIT and certificates of deposit whose term to maturity at date of acquisition exceeds three months, and/or those types of investments authorized by South Dakota Codified Law (SDCL) 4-5-6.

# f. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, buildings, machinery and equipment, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period.

The accounting treatment over capital assets depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

## Government-Wide Statements

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their acquisition value on the date donated. Reported cost values include ancillary charges necessary to place the asset into its intended location and condition for use. Subsequent to initial capitalization, improvements or betterments that are significant and which extend the useful life of a capital asset are also capitalized.

For governmental activities and business-type activities/proprietary fund's operations Capital Assets, construction period interest is not capitalized, in accordance with USGAAP.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Page 6 (See Independent Auditors' Report)

The total June 30, 2024 balance of capital assets for governmental activities includes approximately 10 percent for which the costs were determined by estimates of the original costs. The total June 30, 2024 balance of capital assets for business-type activities includes approximately 10 percent for which the values were determined by estimates of the original cost. These estimated original costs were established by deflated current replacement cost.

Depreciation/Amortization of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the government-wide Statement of Activities, except for that portion related to common use assets for which allocation would be unduly complex, and which is reported as Unallocated Depreciation/Amortization, with net capital assets reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Accumulated depreciation/amortization is reported on the government-wide Statement of Net Position and on the proprietary fund's Statement of Net Position.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar values above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation/amortization methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements and proprietary funds are as follows:

			Depreciation	
	Cap	italization	Amortization	Estimated
	T	hreshold	Method	Useful Life
Land		All	N/A	N/A
Improvements	\$	5,000	Straight-line	15-50 years
Buildings	\$	5,000	Straight-line	15-50 years
Machinery and equipment	\$	5,000	Straight-line	3-20 years
Food service equipment	\$	5,000	Straight-line	3-15 years
Intangible lease assets	\$	5,000	Straight-line	Various
Intangible subscription assets	\$	5,000	Straight-line	Various

Land is an inexhaustible capital asset and is not depreciated.

#### Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital expenditures of the appropriate governmental fund upon acquisition.

Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for on the accrual basis, the same as in the government-wide statements.

## g. Long-Term Liabilities

The accounting treatment of long-term liabilities depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the governmental-wide or fund financial statements.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Page 7 (See Independent Auditors' Report)

All long-term liabilities to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term liabilities consist primarily of a Qualified Zone Academy Bond issue, lease liability, and early retirement benefits payable.

In the fund financial statements, debt proceeds are reported as revenues (other financing sources), while payments of principal and interest are reported as expenditures when they become due. The accounting for proprietary fund long-term debt is on the accrual basis, the same in the fund statements as in the government-wide statements.

## h. Leases

#### Lessee:

The School District is a lessee for a noncancellable lease of seven copy machines. The School District recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the government-wide financial statements. The School District recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$5,000 or more.

At the commencement of a lease, the School District initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the School District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

The School District uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the School District generally uses the treasury yield that corresponds to the length of the lease contract.

The School District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

## i. Program Revenues

In the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, reported program revenues derive directly from the program itself or from parties other than the District's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole. Program revenues are classified into three categories, as follows:

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Page 8 (See Independent Auditors' Report)

- 1. Charges for services These arise from charges to customers, applicants, or others who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided, or are otherwise directly affected by the services.
- 2. Program-specific operating grants and contributions These arise from mandatory and voluntary non-exchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for use in a particular program.
- 3. Program-specific capital grants and contributions These arise from mandatory and voluntary non-exchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for the acquisition of capital assets for use in a particular program.

# j. Deferred Inflows and Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent consumption of net position that applies to a future period or periods. These items will not be recognized as an outflow of resources until the applicable future period.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent acquisitions of net position that applies to a future period or periods. These items will not be recognized as an inflow of resources until the applicable future period.

## k. Proprietary Funds Revenue and Expense Classifications

In the proprietary fund's Statement of Activities, revenues and expenses are classified in a manner consistent with how they are classified in the Statement of Cash Flows. That is, transactions for which related cash flows are reported as capital and related financing activities, noncapital financing activities, or investing activities are not reported as components of operating revenues or expenses.

# l. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The School District pools its cash resources for depositing and investing purposes. For purposes of financial statement reporting, the School District considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. Accordingly, the enterprise fund has access to its cash resources on demand. Accordingly, all reported enterprise fund deposit and investment balances are considered to be cash equivalents for the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows.

# m. Equity Classifications

Government-wide Statements

Equity is classified as Net Position and is displayed in three components:

(See Independent Auditors' Report)

- 1. Net Invested in Capital Assets Consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation (if applicable) and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted Net Position Consists of net assets with constraints placed on their use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted Net Position All other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net invested in capital assets."

#### Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance, and is distinguished between Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned or Unassigned components. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide financial statements. Fiduciary fund equity is reported as restricted net position.

# n. Application of Net Position

It is the District's policy to first use restricted net position, prior to the use of unrestricted net position, when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

## o. Fund Balance Classification Policies and Procedures

In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the School District classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

- <u>Nonspendable</u> includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints.
- <u>Restricted</u> includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- <u>Committed</u> includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision-making authority and does not lapse at year-end.
- <u>Assigned</u> includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed. Fund Balance may be assigned by the Board, Superintendent or Business Manager.
- <u>Unassigned</u> includes positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the above mentioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

(See Independent Auditors' Report)

The School District uses restricted/committed amounts first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as a grant agreement requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the School District would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The School District does not have a formal minimum fund balance policy.

# p. Pension

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense (revenue), information about the fiduciary net position of the South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS) and additions to/deletions from SDRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by SDRS. School District contributions and net pension liability (asset) are recognized on an accrual basis of accounting.

# NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS CREDIT RISK, CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK AND INTEREST RATE RISK

The School District follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Various restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes. These restrictions are summarized below:

Deposits - The School District's deposits are made in qualified public depositories as defined by SDCL 4-6A-1, 13-16-15, 13-16-15.1 and 13-16-18.1. Qualified depositories are required by SDCL 4-6A-3 to maintain at all times, segregated from their other assets, eligible collateral having a value equal to at least 100 percent of the public deposit accounts which exceed deposit insurance such as the FDIC and NCUA. In lieu of pledging eligible securities, a qualified public depository may furnish irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by federal home loan banks accompanied by written evidence of that bank's public debt rating which may not be less than "AA" or a qualified public depository may furnish a corporate surety bond of a corporation authorized to do business in South Dakota.

Investments - In general, SDCL 4-5-6 permits school district funds to be invested only in (a) securities of the United States and securities guaranteed by the United States Government either directly or indirectly; or (b) repurchase agreements fully collateralized by securities described in (a) above; or in shares of an open-end, no-load fund administered by an investment company whose investments are in securities described in (a) above and repurchase agreements described in (b) above. Also, SDCL 4-5-9 requires investments to be in physical custody of the political subdivision or may be deposited in a safekeeping account with any bank or trust company designated by the political subdivision as its fiscal agent.

As of June 30, 2024, the School District's investments reported in the financial statements consist of only certificates of deposit and SD FIT.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Page 11 (See Independent Auditors' Report)

Fair Value Measurement – The School District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The School District has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2024:

Investment	Credit Rating	M	aturities	Fa	ir Value
CD's - Scholarshi Unrated			31,850	_\$_	31,850
Total Scholarshi		31,850		31,850	
External Invest					
SD FIT	Unrated		824,355		824,355
Total Government Activities			824,355		824,355
<b>Total Investments</b>		\$	856,205	\$	856,205

The South Dakota Public Fund Investment Trust (SDFIT) is an external investment pool created for South Dakota local government investing purposes. It is regulated by a nine-member board with representation from municipalities, school districts and counties. The net asset value of the SDFIT money market account (GCR) is kept at one dollar per share by adjusting the rate of return on a daily basis. Earnings are credited to each account on a monthly basis.

Interest Rate Risk - The School District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk - State law limits eligible investments for the School District, as discussed above. The School District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Concentration of Credit Risk - The School District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The School District does not have a deposit policy for custodial risk. As of June 30, 2024, the School District's deposits were fully insured or collateralized and were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Assignment of Investment Income - State law allows income from deposits and investments to be credited to either the General Fund or the fund making the investment. The School District's policy is to credit all income from deposits and investments to the general fund.

## NOTE 3 - RESTRICTED CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Assets restricted to use for a specific purpose through segregation of balances in separate accounts are as follows:

	Amount	<u>Purpose</u>
\$	517,467	Debt Service
\$	517,467	

# **NOTE 4 - RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES**

Receivables and payables are not aggregated in these financial statements. The School District expects all receivables to be collected within one year. No allowances for estimated uncollectibles have been determined to be necessary.

## **NOTE 5 - INVENTORY**

Inventory for consumption is stated at cost. Inventory for resale is stated at the lower of cost or market. The cost valuation method is consumption method. Donated commodities are valued at estimated market value based on the USDA price list at date of receipt.

In the government-wide financial statements, and in the enterprise fund financial statements, inventory items are initially recorded as assets and charged to expense in the various functions of government as they are consumed.

No material inventories were on hand as of June 30, 2024, in the government funds.

# **NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES**

Property taxes are levied on or before October 1, attach as an enforceable lien on property as of the following January 1, and are payable in two installments on or before the following April 30 and October 31. The county bills and collects the School District's taxes and remits them to the School District.

School District property tax revenues are recognized to the extent that they are used to finance each year's appropriations. Revenue related to current year property taxes receivable which is not intended to be used to finance the current year's appropriations and therefore are not susceptible to accrual has been reported as deferred revenue in both the fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements. Additionally, in the fund financial statements, revenue from property taxes may be limited by any amount not collected during the current fiscal period or within the "availability period".

# **NOTE 7 - CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS**

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2024 is as follows:

	Balance 07/01/2023	Increases	Decreases	Balance 06/30/2024
Primary Government		b ====================================	•	
Governmental activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciate	d/amortized			
Land	\$ 117,377	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 117,377
Construction in progress Total capital assets, being	124,188	-	(124,188)	<u> </u>
depreciated/amortized	241,565	-	(124,188)	117,377
Capital assets, being depreciated/ar	nortized			
Improvements	1,733,700	641,707	-	2,375,407
Buildings	17,888,443	-	-	17,888,443
Machinery and equipment	2,040,769	416,762	-	2,457,531
Intangible lease assets	121,152	e	-	121,152
Total capital assets, being				
depreciated/amortized	21,784,064	1,058,469		22,842,533
Less accumulated depreciation/amo Improvements	ortization for 427,838	144,778	-	572,616
Buildings	3,157,111	202,844	-	3,359,955
Machinery and equipment	1,189,261	135,151	**	1,324,412
Intangible lease assets	24,230	24,230		48,460
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	4,798,440	507,003	-	5,305,443
Total capital assets, being depreciated/amortized, net	16,985,624	551,466		17,537,090
Governmental activity capital				
assets, net	\$ 17,227,189	\$ 551,466	\$ (124,188)	\$ 17,654,467
Depreciation/amortization expens	se was charged to f	unctions as follows:		
Governmental activities				
Instruction				\$ 159,545
Support services				157,947
Co-curricular activities				189,511
Co-cumoutal activities				
Total depreciation/amortizati	on expense -			
governmental activities				\$ 507,003

(See Independent Auditors' Report)

		Balance 7/01/2023		Increases		Decreases		Balance 06/30/2024
Business-type activities					_			
Capital assets, being depreciated								
Machinery and equipment	\$	204,823	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	-	\$	204,823
Less accumulated depreciation	for							
Machinery and equipment		166,325		5,298	_			171,623
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	\$	38,498	_\$_	(5,298)	_\$			33,200
Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:								
Business-type activities								
Food Services							\$	5,298

# **NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES**

A summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2024 is as follows:

	0	Balance 07/01/2023		Additions	 Deletions		Balance 06/30/2024	Due Within One Year
Governmenta Qualified Zone Academy	l Acti	vities:						
Bonds	\$	866,000	\$	-	\$ -	\$	866,000	\$ -
Lease liability		98,060		_	23,467		74,593	24,153
Early								
retirement		70,486		-	17,985		52,501	17,267
Total governmenta			,					
I activities	\$	1,034,546	\$		\$ 41,452	_\$_	993,094	\$ 41,420

Liabilities payable at June 30, 2024 are comprised of the following:

	\$ 993,094
Payable from the General Fund	52,501
Early Retirement Payable:	
Payable from the Capital Outlay	74,593
Lease Liability:	
Payable: Payable from the Debt	\$ 866,000
Qualified Zone Academy Bonds	

(See Independent Auditors' Report)

Annual Requirements to Maturity for Long-Term Debt

Year Ended June						
30	Early	Retirement		QZAB	Lea	se Liability
	.,		1			
2025		17,267		-		24,153
2026		17,267 -				24,858
2027	13,661			-		25,582
2028		4,306		-		-
2029		-		-		-
2030-2034		-		866,000		
Totals	\$	52,501	\$	866,000	\$	74,593

The amounts for Early Retirement payable are calculated based upon undiscounted cash flows at 20% of the current base salary. Early Retirement Benefits payable for governmental activities typically have been liquidated from the general fund.

Qualified Zone Academy bonds are term bonds in which the School District makes annual deposits to a money market account at Dacotah Bank until the final term date at which time the entire liability becomes due.

# NOTE 9 - INDIVIDUAL FUND INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

There following interfund transfers were made for the year ended June 30, 2024.

	Transfers In		<u>Tr</u>	ansfers Out	<u>Total</u>		
General Fund	\$	380,400	\$	-	\$	380,400	
Capital Outlay Fund		-		(467,000)		(467,000)	
Debt Service		86,600				86,600	
Total	\$	467,000	\$	(467,000)	\$		
					_		

Transfers between funds are permitted under SDCL. These interfund transfers are not violations of the statutory restrictions on interfund transfers.

## **NOTE 10 - LITIGATION**

At June 30, 2024, the School District was not involved in any litigation.

# **NOTE 11 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

Management has evaluated subsequent events through the date of the independent auditor's report, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

## **NOTE 12 - RESTRICTED NET POSITION**

The following table shows the net assets restricted for other purposes as shown on the Statement of Net Position:

Fund	Am	Amount		
Major Purposes:				
Capital Outlay purposes	Law	\$	1,735,031	
Special Education	Law		407,100	
Other Purposes				
Debt Service purposes	Debt Covenants		517,467	
SDRS pension purposes	Law		576,772	
Total Restricted Net Position		\$	3,236,370	

#### **NOTE 13 - PENSION PLAN**

## Plan Information:

All permanent employees working twenty or more hours per week participate in the South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS), a cost-sharing, multiple employer public employee retirement system established to provide retirement benefits for employees of the State of South Dakota and its political subdivisions. The SDRS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits. The right to receive retirement benefits vests after three years of credited service. Authority for establishing, administering and amending plan provisions are found in South Dakota Codified Law 3-12. The SDRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the SDRS, PO Box 1098, Pierre, SD 57501-1098 or by calling (605) 773-3731.

(See Independent Auditors' Report)

## **Benefits Provided:**

SDRS has four classes of members: Class A general members, Class B public safety and judicial members, Class C Cement Plant Retirement Fund members, and Class D Department of Labor and Regulation members.

Members that were hired before July 1, 2017, are Foundation members. Class A Foundation members and Class B Foundation members who retire after age 65 with three years of contributory service are entitled to an unreduced annual retirement benefit. An unreduced annual retirement benefit is also available after age 55 for Class A Foundation members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 85 or after age 55 for Class B Foundation judicial members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 80. Class B Foundation public safety members can retire with an unreduced annual retirement benefit after age 55 with three years of contributory service. An unreduced annual retirement benefit is also available after age 45 for Class B Foundation public safety members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 75. All Foundation retirements that do not meet the above criteria may be payable at a reduced level. Class A and B eligible spouses of Foundation members will receive a 60 percent joint survivor benefit when the member dies.

Members that were hired on/after July 1, 2017, are Generational members. Class A Generational members and Class B Generational judicial members who retire after age 67 with three years of contributory service are entitled to an unreduced annual retirement benefit. Class B Generational public safety members can retire with an unreduced annual retirement benefit after age 57 with three years of contributory service. At retirement, married Generational members may elect a single-life benefit, a 60 percent joint and survivor benefit, or a 100 percent joint and survivor benefit. All Generational retirement benefits that do not meet the above criteria may be payable at a reduced level. Generational members will also have a variable retirement account (VRA) established, in which they will receive up to 1.5 percent of compensation funded by part of the employer contribution. VRAs will receive investment earnings based on investment returns.

Legislation enacted in 2017 established the current COLA process. At each valuation date:

Baseline actuarial accrued liabilities will be calculated assuming the COLA is equal to long-term inflation assumption of 2.25%.

If the fair value of assets is greater or equal to the baseline actuarial accrued liabilities, the COLA will The increase in the 3rd quarter CPI-W, no less than 0.5% and no greater than 3.5%.

If the fair value of assets is less than the baseline actuarial accrued liabilities, the COLA will be:

The increase in the 3rd quarter CPI-W, no less than 0.5% and no greater than a restricted maximum such that, that if the restricted maximum is assumed for future COLAs, the fair value of assets will be greater or equal to the accrued liabilities.

Legislation enacted in 2021 reduced the minimum COLA from 0.5 percent to 0.0 percent.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Page 18 (See Independent Auditors' Report)

All benefits except those depending on the Member's Accumulated Contributions are annually increased by the Cost-of-Living Adjustment.

# **Contributions:**

Per SDCL 3-12, contribution requirements of the active employees and the participating employers are established and may be amended by the SDRS Board. Covered employees are required by state statute to contribute the following percentages of their salary to the plan; Class A Members, 6% of salary; Class B Judiciary Members, 9.0% of salary; and Class B Public Safety Members, 8.0% of salary. State statute also requires the employer to contribute an amount equal to the employee's contribution. The School District's share of contributions to the SDRS for the years ended June 30, 2024, 2023, and 2022 were \$247,708, \$252,014, and \$238,204, respectively, equal to the required contributions each year.

# <u>Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources to Pensions:</u>

At June 30, 2023, SDRS is 100.1% funded and accordingly has a net pension asset. The proportionate shares of the components of the net pension asset of South Dakota Retirement System for the School District as of the measurement period ending June 30, 2023 and reported by the School District as of June 30, 2024 are as follows:

Proportionate share of total	\$ 23,596,644
Less proportionate share of net position restriced for	 23,612,538
Proportionate share of net pension liability (asset)	\$ (15,894)

At June 30 2024, the District reported an asset of \$15,894 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2023 and the total pension asset used to calculate the net pension asset was based on a projection of the School District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. At June 30, 2023, the School District's proportion was .162840%, which is a decrease of .0049730% from its proportion measure as of June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the School District recognized pension expense of \$81,475. At June 30, 2024 the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

(See Independent Auditors' Report)

	Deferred Outflows Of Resources		 rred Inflows Resources
Difference between expected and actual	\$	450,521	\$ -
Changes in assumption		543,390	794,316
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		105,816	-
Changes in proportion and difference between the District contributions and proportionate		9,192	1,433
District contributions subsequent to the		247,708	
Total	\$	1,356,627	\$ 795,749

\$247,708 reported as deferred outflow of resources related to pensions resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense (revenue) as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	
2025	\$ 218,427
2026	(238,724)
2027	310,201
2028	23,266
TOTAL	\$ 313,170

# **Actuarial Assumptions:**

The total pension liability (asset) in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	Graded by years of service, from 7.66% at entry to 3.15% after 25 years of service
Investment Rate of Return	6.50% net of plan investment expense. This is composed of an average inflation rate of 2.50% and real returns of 4.00%
Future	1.91%

(See Independent Auditors' Report)

# Mortality Rates

All mortality rates based on Pub-2010 amount-weighted mortality tables, projected generationally with improvement scale MP-2020

Active and Terminated Vested Members:

Teachers, Certified Regents, and Judicial: PubT-2010

Other Class A Members: PubG-2010 Public Safety Members: PubS-2010

Retired Members:

Teachers, Certified Regents, and Judicial Retirees: PubT-2010, 108% of rates above age 65 Other Class A Retireees: PubG-2010, 93% of rates through age 74, increasing by 2% per year

until 111% of rates at age 83 and above.

Public Safety Retirees: PubS-2010, 102% of rates at all ages

Beneficiaries:

PubG-2010 contingent survivor mortaility table

Public Safety: PubS-2010 disabled member mortality table Others: PubG-2010 disabled member mortality table

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period of July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2022.

Investment portfolio management is the statutory responsibility of the South Dakota Investment Council (SDIC), which may utilize the services of external money managers for management of a portion of the portfolio. SDIC is governed by the Prudent Man Rule (i.e., the council should use the same degree of care as a prudent man). Current SDIC investment policies dictate limits on the percentage of assets invested in various types of vehicles (equities, fixed income securities, real estate, cash, private equity, etc.). The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2023 (see the discussion of the pension plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table using geometric means:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Public Equity	56.3%	3.8%
Investment Grade Debt	22.8%	1.7%
High Yield		
Debt	7.0%	2.7%
Real Estate	12.0%	3.5%
Cash	1.9%	0.8%
Total	100.00%	

# **Discount Rate:**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability (asset) was 6.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that matching employer contributions from will be made at rates equal to the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability (asset).

# Sensitivity of liability (asset) to changes in discount rate:

The following presents the District's proportionate share of net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.5% as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (5.5%) or 1-percentage point higher (7.5%) than the current rate:

	Current								
	19	% Decrease	Dis	count Rate	_1	% Increase			
proportionate									
share of the net pension	\$	3,257,694	\$	(15,894)	\$	(2,693,064)			

## Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in the seperately issued SDRS financial report.

# **NOTE 14 - SPECIAL TERMINATION BENEFITS**

The School District maintained an early retirement program which ended on June 30, 2021. Employees are no longer offered early retirement; however, as of June 30, 2024, the School was paying benefits to two qualified individuals. The payments will end on June 30, 2027.

## **NOTE 15 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the period ended June 30, 2024 the School District managed its risks as follows:

## Employee Health Insurance

The School District joined the South Dakota School District Health Benefits Fund. This is a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for South Dakota local government entities. The school district pays a monthly premium to the pool to provide health insurance coverage for its employees. The pool purchases reinsurance coverage with the premiums it receives from the members.

(See Independent Auditors' Report)

The School District does not carry additional health insurance coverage to pay claims in excess of this upper limit. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage during the past three years.

# Liability Insurance

The School District purchases liability insurance for risks related to torts, theft or damage to property; and errors and omissions of public officials and vehicle coverage from a commercial insurance carrier. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage during the past three years.

# Workmen's Compensation

The School District purchases liability insurance for workers compensation from a commercial carrier. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage during the past three years.

# Unemployment Benefits

The School District has elected to be self-insured and retain all risk for liabilities resulting from claims for unemployment benefits.

During the year ended June 30, 2024, no claims were filed for unemployment benefits. At June 30, 2024, no claims had been filed or were outstanding for unemployment benefits and none are anticipated in the next fiscal year.

## **NOTE 16 - COST SHARING CONSORTIUM**

The School District participates in a cost-sharing arrangement for vocational education funds. The School Districts included in this arrangement are Bison, Lemmon, and Mobridge-Pollock. The grant application includes the amounts each school is requesting for the Carl Perkins Vocational Funds. The funds are sent directly to each school: therefore, the Mobridge-Pollock School District records only their share of the revenue and expenditures in the General Fund. The Mobridge-Pollock School District is listed as the fiscal agent on the application but provides no accounting to the schools. Any pooled expenditures are billed to and reimbursed by the schools involved.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# MOBRIDGE-POLLOCK SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 62-6 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND - BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

-		_	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with	
Data Contr	al.		Original Final			Ant	hual Amazzata		nal Budget Positive	
Codes						Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)		(Negative)		
	REVENUES									
1000	Revenue from local sources									
1100	Taxes									
1110	Ad valorem taxes	\$	1,410,514	\$	1,410,514	\$	1,459,856	\$	49,342	
1120	Prior years' ad valorem taxes		-		-		11,332		11,332	
1130	Tax deed revenue		-		-		377		377	
1140	Utility Tax		114,496		114,496		107,432		(7,064)	
1190	Penalties and interest on taxes		5,000		5,000		4,062		(938)	
1510	Earnings on investments and deposits		5,000		5,000		18,605		13,605	
1700	Cocurricular activities									
1710	Admissions		22,000		22,000		40,909		18,909	
1790	Other pupil activities		500		500		40,417		39,917	
1900	Other revenue from local sources									
1920	Contributions and donations		-		-		8,822		8,822	
1970	Charges for services		10,000		10,000		7,607		(2,393)	
1990	Other		48,000		48,000		63,837		15,837	
2000	Revenue from intermediate sources									
2100	County sources									
2110	County apportionment		53,581		53,581		81,131		27,550	
3000	Revenue from state sources Grants-in-aid									
3110	Unrestricted grants-in-aid		2,843,944		2,843,944		2,877,866		33,922	
3120	Restricted grants-in-aid		-		-		10,848		10,848	
4000	Revenue from federal sources Grants-in-aid									
4120	Unrestricted grants-in-aid received from federal govt									
	through the state				_		23		23	
4140	•		-		-		23		23	
414V	Unrestricted grants-in-aid									
	Received directly from		£0.000		£0.000		40 O 10		/1.000	
4150	federal government		50,000		50,000		48,918		(1,082	
4150-	C									
4199	received from federal		004.433		004.400		772 500		(150.01.4	
4400	government through the state		904,423		904,423		733,509		(170,914	
4400	Johnson O-Malley funds		10,000 5,477,458	\$	10,000 5,477,458	\$	15,634 5,531,185	\$	5,634 53,727	

# MOBRIDGE-POLLOCK SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 62-6 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND - BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

			Budgeted	Amo	unts				ariance with	
Data Contr	ol						Actual Amounts		Final Budget Positive	
Codes			Original		Final	(Budgetary Basis)			(Negative)	
	EXPENDITURES									
1000	Instruction									
1100	Regular programs									
1111	Elementary	\$	1,684,329	\$	1,684,329	\$	1,243,225	\$	441,104	
1121	Middle/junior high		575,854		575,854		529,290		46,564	
1131	High School		994,493		994,493		897,623		96,870	
1190	Other regular programs		75,673		75,673		82,061		(6,388)	
1200	Special programs									
1270	Educationally deprived		275,927		275,927		365,891		(89,964)	
2000	Support services									
2100	Pupils		100 (07		100 000		101.001		(2.22.1	
2120	Guidance		128,687		128,687		131,891		(3,204)	
2134	Health		3,500		3,500		8,403		(4,903)	
2200	Support services-instructional staff		15.000		17.000		24.250		(10.270)	
2210	Improvement of instruction		17,000		17,000		36,279		(19,279)	
2220	Educational media		179,988		179,988		189,858		(9,870)	
2300	Support services-general administration:									
2310	Board of education		49,887		49,887		54,317		(4,430)	
2321	Executive administration		190,121		190,121		192,250		(2,129)	
	Support services-school administration									
2410	Office of the Principal		430,115		430,115		440,989		(10,874)	
2490	Other		-		-		495		(495)	
2500	Support services-business									
2529	Fiscal services		165,106		165,106		156,611		8,495	
2540	Operation and maintenance of plant		718,457		909,457		888,263		21,194	
2550	Pupil Transportation		101,193		101,193		78,876		22,317	
2560	Food services		20,813		20,813		12,673		8,140	
2600	Support services - central									
2620	Data Colletion		2,000		2,000		12,347		(10,347)	
	Nonprogrammed charges									
4500	Early retirement payments		25,879		25,879		17,323		8,556	
6000	Cocurricular activities									
6100	Male activities		82,243		82,243		81,797		446	
6200	Female activities		60,137		60,137		57,216		2,921	
6500	Transportation		51,822		75,822		79,802		(3,980)	
6900	Combined activities		174,750		174,750		181,425		(6,675)	
7000	Contingencies	_	15,000		15,000		-		15,000	
	Total Expenditures	\$	6,022,974	\$	6,237,974	\$	5,738,905	\$	499,069	

(Continued on next page) 52

# MOBRIDGE-POLLOCK SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 62-6 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND - BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

_		S=	Budgeted	Amo	unts				riance with	
Data	-1					A -4 1 A			nal Budget	
Contro	<del></del>		Original		Final	Actual A (Budgetar		-	Positive (Negative)	
						( 0	,			
	Excess revenue over/under									
	expenditures	_\$	(545,516)	_\$_	(760,516)	\$ (2	207,720)	\$	552,796	
	Other financing sources/(uses)									
5110	Transfers in		243,193		380,400	3	380,400		-	
8110	Transfers out		-		(63,736)		-		63,736	
5130	Sale of surplus property						52		(52)	
	Total other financing uses	-	243,193		316,664	3	380,452		63,684	
	Net change in fund balances		(302,323)		(443,852)	1	72,732		616,584	
	Fund balance - beginning		1,760,275		1,760,275	1,7	760,275			
	Fund balance - ending	\$	1,457,952	\$	1,316,423	\$ 1,9	933,007	\$	616,584	

# MOBRIDGE-POLLOCK SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 62-6 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE CAPITAL OUTLAY FUND - BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Data		_	Budgeted	Amo	unts		Variance Final Bu	
Codes			Original		Final	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)	Positi (Negati	
	REVENUES							
1000	Revenue from local sources							
1100	Taxes							
1110	Ad valorem taxes	\$	996,156	\$	996,156	\$ 986,131	\$ (	(10,025)
1120	Prior years' ad valorem taxes		-		-	5,629		5,629
1190	Penalties and interest on taxes		-		-	2,411		2,411
1900	Other revenue from local sources							
1920	Contributions and donations		-		-	21,670		21,670
4000	Revenue from federal sources							
4150-	Restricted grants-in-aid							
4199	received from federal							
	government through the state		541,211		541,211	572,322		31,111
4900	Other	-	<del>-</del>		<del></del>	78,245		78,245
	Total revenue		1,537,367		1,537,367	1,666,408	1	29,041
	EXPENDITURES:							
1000	Instruction							
1100	Regular programs		24.000		24.000	41 222		(7 222)
1110	Elementary		34,000		34,000 19,000	41,333 87,155		(7,333) (68,155)
1120 1130	Middle/junior high High School		19,000 32,000		32,000	70,439		(38,439)
	-		52,000		02,000	70,103	`	,,,
2000 2200	Support services Support services - instructional staff							
2220	Educational media		142,000		142,000	73,105		68,895
			,		_,	•		
2400 2410	Support Services - general administration Board of education		-		-	300		(300)
2500	Support services - business							
2530	Facilities acquisition and construction		724,467		724,467	530,676	1	93,791
2540	Operation and maintenance of plant		45,136		45,136	83,703	(	(38,567)
2550	Pupil transportation		107,000		107,000	107,101		(101)
2560	Food service		5,000		5,000	1,104		3,896
	Cocurricular Activities:					0.500		(0.500)
6200	Femal activities		-		90,000	8,508		(8,508)
6900	Combined activities	N	80,000	_	80,000	53,700	-	26,300
	Total expenditures	-	1,188,603		1,188,603	1,057,124	1	31,479
	Excess revenue over/under							
	expenditures		348,764		348,764	609,284	2	260,520
	Other financing uses							
5110	Transfer in		90,000		90,000	-	(	(90,000)
8110	Transfer out		(243,193)	_	(445,193)	(467,000)		(21,807)
	Total other financing uses		(153,193)		(355,193)	(467,000)	(1	11,807)
	Net change in fund balances		195,571		(6,429)	142,284	1	148,713
	Fund balance - beginning		1,572,309		1,572,309	1,572,309		
	Fund balance - ending	\$	1,767,880	\$	1,565,880	\$ 1,714,593	\$ 1	148,713

# MOBRIDGE-POLLOCK SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 62-6 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SPECIAL EDUCATION FUND - BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Data			Budgeted	Amo	ounts				Variance with Final Budget	
Contro	ol					Act	ual Amounts		Positive	
Codes	Codes		Original		Final	(Budgetary Basis)		(Negative)		
	REVENUES									
1000	Revenue from local sources									
1100	Taxes									
1110	Ad valorem taxes	\$	522,755	\$	522,755	\$	613,932	\$	91,177	
1120	Prior years' ad valorem taxes		-		-		3,543		3,543	
1190	Penalties and interest on taxes		-		-		1,511		1,511	
1900	Other revenue from local sources									
1970	Charges for services		_		-		297		297	
1990	Other		-		•		1,645		1,645	
3000	Revenue from state sources Grants-in-aid									
3120	Restricted grants-in-aid		353,288		353,288		104,150		(249,138)	
4000	Revenue from federal sources Grants-in-aid									
4110	Unrestricted grants-in-aid received directly from									
	the federal government		-		-		2,912		2,912	
4150	Restricted grants-in-aid received									
	from federal government									
	through the state		176,000		176,000		187,504		11,504	
	Total revenue		1,052,043		1,052,043		915,494	_	(136,549)	

# MOBRIDGE-POLLOCK SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 62-6 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SPECIAL EDUCATION FUND - BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

			Budgeted	Amounts			Variance with	
Data							Final Budget	
Contro				771 1		Actual Amounts	Positive	
Codes	1-00-		Original	Final		(Budgetary Basis)	(Negative)	
	EXPENDITURES							
	Instruction							
1200	Special programs							
1220	Programs for special education		767,291	767,2	291	704,558	62,733	
2000	Support services							
2100	Pupils					,		
2140	Psychological		57,980	•	980	52,510	5,470	
2150	Speech pathology		102,095	102,0		152,684	(50,589)	
2170	Student therapy services		26,000	26,0	000	56,224	(30,224)	
2700	Support services - special education							
2710	Admistrative costs		91,756	91,	756	87,256	4,500	
2750	Other					58	(58)	
	Total expenditures	_	1,045,122	1,045,	122	1,053,290	(8,168)	
	Excess revenue over/under							
	expenditures		6,921	6,9	921	(137,796)	(144,717)	
5110	Transfers in			55,8	814		(55,814)	
	Net change in fund balance		6,921	62,	735	(137,796)	(200,531)	
	Fund balance - beginning		532,010	532,0	010	532,010	_	
	Fund balance -ending	\$	538,931	\$ 594,		\$ 394,214	\$ (200,531)	

# MOBRIDGE-POLLOCK SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 62-6 NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES OF BUDGETARY COMPARISONS FOR THE GENERAL FUND AND FOR EACH MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND WITH A LEGALLY REQUIRED BUDGET FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

## **NOTE 1 - BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING**

The School District followed these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to the first regular board meeting in May of each year the school board causes to be prepared a proposed budget for the next fiscal year according to the budgetary standards prescribed by the Auditor General.
- 2. The proposed budget is considered by the school board at the first regular meeting held in the month of May of each year.
- 3. The proposed budget is published for public review no later than July 15 each year.
- 4. Public hearings are held to solicit taxpayer input prior to the approval of the budget.
- 5. Before October 1 of each year, the school board must approve the budget for the ensuing fiscal year for each fund, except trust and agency funds.
- 6. After adoption by the school board, the operating budget is legally binding and actual expenditures of each fund cannot exceed the amounts budgeted, except as indicated in number 8.
- 7. A line item for contingencies may be included in the annual budget. Such a line item may not exceed five percent of the total School District budget and may be transferred by resolution of the school board to any other budget category, except for capital outlay, that is deemed insufficient during the year.
- 8. If it is determined during the year that sufficient amounts have not been budgeted, state statute allows adoption of supplemental budgets when moneys are available to increase legal spending authority.
- 9. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year-end unless encumbered by resolution of the school board.
- 10. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds.

# MOBRIDGE-POLLOCK SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 62-6 NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES OF BUDGETARY COMPARISONS FOR THE GENERAL FUND AND FOR EACH MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND WITH A LEGALLY REQUIRED BUDGET FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

11. The following reconciles the U.S. GAAP Basis Fund Balance to the budgetary basis Fund Balance for the General Fund as of June 30, 2024:

U.S. GAAP Basis Fund Balance	\$ 3,294,396
Subtract: portion comprised of excess Impact Aid funds	(1,361,389)
Budgetary Basis Fund Balance	\$ 1,933,007

# NOTE 2 - USGAAP/BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING BASIS DIFFERENCES

The financial statements prepared in conformity with USGAAP present capital outlay expenditure information in a separate category of expenditures. Under the budgetary basis of accounting, capital outlay expenditures are reported within the function to which they relate. For example, the purchase of a new school bus would be reported as a capital outlay expenditure on the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances, however in the Budgetary RSI Schedule, the purchase of a school bus would be reported as an expenditure of the Support Services-Business/Pupil Transportation function of government, along with all other current Pupil Transportation related expenditures.

# MOBRIDGE-POLLOCK SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 62-6 SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) SOUTH DAKOTA RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Pension Plan	Fiscal Year Ending	Employer's Percentage of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a)	mployer's Covered Payroll (b)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll (a/b)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability (Asset)
SDRS	6/30/2024	0.1628%	\$ (15,894)	\$ 4,200,235	-0.38%	100.10%
SDRS	6/30/2023	0.1678%	(15,859)	4,007,110	-0.40%	100.10%
SDRS	6/30/2022	0.1668%	(1,277,150)	3,784,479	-33.75%	105.52%
SDRS	6/30/2021	0.1711%	(7,430)	3,754,625	-0.20%	100.04%
SDRS	6/30/2020	0.1693%	(17,938)	3,599,150	-0.50%	100.09%
SDRS	6/30/2019	0.1806%	(4,211)	3,753,676	-0.11%	100.02%
SDRS	6/30/2018	0.1919%	(17,413)	3,898,472	-0.45%	100.10%
SDRS	6/30/2017	0.1704%	575,487	3,239,553	17.76%	96.89%
SDRS	6/30/2016	0.1734%	(735,604)	3,166,500	-23.23%	104.10%
SDRS	6/30/2015	0.1740%	(1,253,426)	3,118,913	-40.19%	107.29%

# MOBRIDGE-POLLOCK SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 62-6 SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS SOUTH DAKOTA RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Pension Plan	Fiscal Year Ending	R	atutorily Required ntribution (a)	Rela St	ntributions in ation to the atutorily dequired ntribution (b)	Def	ribution iciency ess) (a-b)	6 <b>=</b> 1=	Covered Payroll (d)	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (b/d)
SDRS	6/30/2024	\$	247,708	\$	247,708	\$	-	\$	4,128,463	6.00%
SDRS	6/30/2023		252,014		252,014		-		4,200,235	6.00%
SDRS	6/30/2022		238,204		238,204		-		3,970,060	6.00%
SDRS	6/30/2021		227,069		227,069		-		3,784,479	6.00%
SDRS	6/30/2020		225,277		225,277		-		3,754,625	6.00%
SDRS	6/30/2019		215,943		215,943		-		3,599,150	6.00%
SDRS	6/30/2018		225,221		225,221		-		3,753,676	6.00%
SDRS	6/30/2017		233,909		233,909		-		3,898,472	6.00%
SDRS	6/30/2016		194,373		194,373		-		3,239,553	6.00%
SDRS	6/30/2015		189,990		189,990		-		3,166,500	6.00%

MOBRIDGE-POLLOCK SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 62-6
NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024
SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION
LIABILITY (ASSET) AND SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

# Changes from prior valuation

The June 30, 2023, Actuarial Valuation reflects no changes to the plan provisions or actuarial methods and one change to the actuarial assumptions from the June 30, 2022, Actuarial Valuation.

The details of the changes since the last valuation are as follows:

# **Benefit Provision Changes**

During the 2022 Legislative Session no significant SDRS benefit changes were made and gaming enforcement agents became Class B Public Safety Members.

# **Actuarial Method Changes**

No changes in actuarial methods were made since the prior valuation.

# **Actuarial Assumption Changes**

The SDRS COLA equals the percentage increase in the most recent third calendar quarter CPI-W over the prior year, no less than 0% and no greater than 3.5%. However, if the FVFR assuming the long-term COLA is equal to the baseline COLA assumption (currently 2.25%) is less than 100%, the maximum COLA payable will be limited to the increase that if assumed on a long-term basis, results in a FVFR equal to or exceeding 100%.

As of June 30, 2022 the FVFR assuming the long-term COLA is equal to the baseline COLA assumption (2.25%) was less than 100% and the July 2023 SDRS COLA was limited to a restricted maximum of 2.10%. For the June 30, 2022, Actuarial Valuation, future COLAs were assumed to equal the restricted maximum COLA assumption of 2.10%.

As of June 30, 2023 the FVFR assuming future COLAs equal to the baseline COLA assumption of 2.25% is again less than 100% and the July 2024 SDRS COLA is limited to a restricted maximum of 1.91%. The July 2024 SDRS COLA will equal inflation, between 0% and 1.91%. For this June 30, 2023 Actuarial Valuation, future COLAs were assumed to equal the restricted maximum COLA of 1.91%.

Actuarial assumptions are reviewed for reasonability annually and reviewed in depth periodically, with the next experience analysis anticipated before the June 30, 2027 Actuarial Valuation and any recommended changes approved by the Board of Trustees are anticipated to be first implemented in the June 30, 2027 Actuarial Valuation.

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# MOBRIDGE-POLLOCK SCHOOL DISTRICT NO 62-6 SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number		Disbursements/ Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE				
Pass-through the SD Department of Education				
Child Nutrition Cluster				
Non-Cash Assistance (Commodities)				
National School Lunch Program	10.555	NSLP-17-204	38,563	
Cash Assistance				
School Breakfast Program (Note 3)	10.553	NSLP-17-204	35,960	
National School Lunch Program (Note 3)	10.555	NSLP-17-204	189,315	
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	NSLP-17-204	16,152	
Total Child Nutrition Cluster				\$ 279,990
Other Programs				
Fresh Fruit & Vegetable Program	10.582	N/A		20,706
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				300,696
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR				
Direct federal funding				
Indian education - assistance to schools -				
Johnson-O-Malley (Note 3)	15.130	N/A		5,522
Pass-through the SD Department of Education:	10.100	1 1/1 2		5,522
Distributions of Receipts to State & Local Governments	15.227	N/A		23
Total U.S. Department of the Interior				5,545
•				
U.S DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				
Direct federal funding				
Impact Aid (Title VIII of ESEA)	84.041	N/A		2,912
Indian education - grants to local				
educational agencies	84.060	N/A		48,918
Pass-through the SD Department of Education				
Title I grants to local educational agencies	84.010	T1ba-17-098		293,230
Special Education Cluster:				
Special Education - Grants to States - Flow Through	84.027	17-611-058	180,043	
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	17-619-052	7,461	107 504
Total Special Education Cluster				187,504

(Continued on next page) 62

# MOBRIDGE-POLLOCK SCHOOL DISTRICT NO 62-6 SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Disbursements/ Expenditures
Rural Education	84.358	N/A	16,401
Improving Teach Quality State Grants (Title II Part A)	84.367	17-T2A-098	65,249
Career and Technical Education - Basic			
Grants to the States	84.048	N/A	24,053
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	N/A	44,226
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (Note 4) American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary School	84.425D	N/A	25,636
Emergency Relief (Note 4)	84.425U	N/A	840,384
Total U.S. Department of Education			1,548,513
Total Expenditures			1,854,754

## **NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2024. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 US Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operatios of the School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the School District.

## NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to the reimbursement. The School District has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimius indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

# **NOTE 3 - FEDERAL REIMBURSEMENTS**

Federal reimbursements are not based upon specific expenditures. Therefore, some amounts reported here represent cash received and/or food commodities used rather than federal expenditures.

# NOTE 4: MAJOR FEDERAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

This represents a Major Federal Financial Assistance Program.